

Technical Information

EC Broth

Product Code: DM 1127

Application: EC Broth is recommended for the selective enumeration of presumptive Escherichia coli by MPN technique.

Composition**

| Ingredients | Gms / Litre | |
|--|--------------|--|
| Casein enzymic hydrolysate | 20.000 | |
| Lactose | 5.000 | |
| Bile salts mixture | 1.500 | |
| Dipotassium phosphate | 4.000 | |
| Monopotassium phosphate | 1.500 | |
| Sodium chloride | 5.000 | |
| Final pH (at 25°C) | 6.9±0.2 | |
| **Formula adjusted, standardized to suit performance | e parameters | |
| | | |

Principle & Interpretation

EC Medium is used for detection of coliforms during bacteriological examination of water, milk and foods. It was originally detailed by Hajna and Perry ⁽¹⁾. This medium was later used by Fishbein and Surkiewicz to carry out *Escherichia coli* confirmatory tests ⁽²⁾. It is also used in MPN methods ⁽³⁾ and is often used for confirmation of coliforms. The procedure adopted the EC Medium provides information regarding the source of the coliform group (fecal or non-fecal) when used as a confirmatory test ⁽⁴⁾. EC Broth should not be used for the direct isolation of coliforms because prior enrichment in a presumptive medium for optimal recovery of fecal coliforms is essential Casein enzymic hydrolysate provides essential growth nutrients. Lactose is the fermentable sugar. Bile salts mixture inhibit gram-positive bacteria especially bacilli and faecal Streptococci. Phosphates control the pH during fermentation of lactose. Gas production in a fermentation tube within 24 hour or less is a presumptive evidence of the presence of coliform bacteria. This medium can be used at 37°C for the detection of coliform organisms or at 44.5°C for the isolation of *Escherichia coli* from water and shellfish. When using sample more than 10 ml, the medium must be reconstituted at a concentration equivalent to that specified on the directions, once the sample is added, the working procedure is as follows: Transfer a loopful of culture from all the tubes of Lauryl Sulphate Broth (DM1080) showing gas formation within 24 hours and from all the tubes showing bacterial growth within 48 hours to EC Broth tubes. Within 30 minutes from the inoculum, place the tubes in a water bath and incubate at 44°C for 24 hours. Consider the growth showing gas production as positive. Calculate the density of the faecal coliform organisms by using MPN tables. False-negative reactions in recovering coliforms from water supplies can occur due to low pH, refrigeration and formation at 44.5°C,, Escherichia coli , also other coliform use of bactericidal or

Gas formation at 37°C: Coliform bacteria without Escherichia coli.

Gas formation at 45°C: Escherichia coli, also other coliform.

Methodology

Suspend 37 grams of powder media in 1000 ml distilled water. Shake well & heat if necessary to dissolve the medium completely. Dispense in test tubes containing inverted Durhams tube. Sterilize by autoclaving at 15 lbs pressure (121°C) for 15 minutes. Adjust the concentration of medium in accordance with sample size.





Quality Control

Physical Appearance

Cream to yellow homogeneous free flowing powder

Colour and Clarity of prepared medium

Yellow coloured, clear solution without any precipitate

Reaction

Reaction of 3.7% w/v aqueous solution at 25°C. pH: 6.9±0.2

pH range: 6.70-7.10

Cultural Response/Characteristics

DM1127: Cultural characteristics observed after an incubation at 44.5° C \pm 0.2 for 24 hours.

| Organism | Inoculum (CFU) | Growth | Gas |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------|----------------|-------------------|
| Bacillus subtilis ATCC 6633 | >=10 ³ | Inhibited | Positive reaction |
| Escherichia coli ATCC 25922 | 50-100 | good-luxuriant | |
| Enterobacter aerogenes ATCC 13048 | >=10 ³ | Inhibited | |
| Enterococcus faecalis ATCC 29212 | >=10 ³ | Inhibited | |
| Klebsiella pneumoniae ATCC 13883 | 50-100 | good-luxuriant | Positive reaction |
| Pseudomonas aeruginosa ATCC 27853 | 50-100 | Fair to good | Positive reaction |

Storage and Shelf Life

Dried Media: Store below 30°C in tightly closed container and use before expiry date as mentioned on the label.

Prepared Media: 2-80 in sealable plastic bags for 2-5 days.

Further Reading

- 1. Hajna A. A. and Perry C. A., 1943, Am. J. Public Health, 33:550.
- 2. Fishbein M. and Surkiewicz B. F., 1964, Appl. Microbiol., 12: 127.
- 3. Eaton A. D., Clesceri L. S. and Greenberg A. E., (Ed.), 1998, Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Waste water, 20th Ed., American Public Health Association. Washington, D.C.
- 4. Marshall, (Ed.), 1993, Standard Methods for the Examination of Dairy Products, 16th Ed., American Public Health Association, Washington, D.C.
- 5. Ray B., 1986, J. Food Prot., 49:65 1.

Disclaimer:

- User must ensure suitability of the product(s) in their application prior to use.
- The product conforms solely to the technical information provided in this booklet and to the best of knowledge research and development work carried at **CDH** is true and accurate.
- Central Drug House Pvt. Ltd. reserves the right to make changes to specifications and information related to the products at any time.
- Products are not intended for human or animal diagnostic or therapeutic use but for laboratory, research or further manufacturing of diagnostic reagents extra.
- Statements contained herein should not be considered as a warranty of any kind, expressed or implied, and no liability is accepted for infringement of any patents.
- Do not use the products if it fails to meet specifications for identity and performens parameters.

